

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 2

27 October 2018

Version 12

Section 1. Identification

Product name : WHITE VINYL PLAS.

Product code : 16W88

Other means of

identification

: Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Manufacturer : Flexmaster Canada Limited

20 East Pearce Street Richmond Hill, ON L4B 1B7

Emergency telephone

number

: 905-731-9411

Technical Phone Number 905-731-9411 (US and Canada)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 59.2% (Oral),

61.5% (Dermal), 79.6% (Inhalation)

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Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Combustible liquid.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name : WHITE VINYL PLAS.

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Product name WHITE VINYL PLAS.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer	≥20 - ≤50	9002-86-2
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	25068-38-6
proprietary barium compounds	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Not available.
sodium dodecyl sulphate	≤1.4	151-21-3
sodium metabisulphite	≤1.4	7681-57-4
antimony trioxide	<1.0	1309-64-4
4-nonylphenol, branched	<1.0	84852-15-3
2-ethylhexanoic acid	<1.0	149-57-5

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use

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Product name WHITE VINYL PLAS.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions

only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	None.
proprietary barium compounds	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (Ba)
sodium dodecyl sulphate	None.
sodium metabisulphite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
antimony trioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb)
4-nonylphenol, branched	None.
2-ethylhexanoic acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction and vapor

Key to abbreviations

= Acceptable Maximum Peak

= Potential skin absorption

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= Respiratory sensitization

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

= American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

С = Ceiling Limit SS = Skin sensitization

= Fume F STEL = Short term Exposure limit values **IPEL** = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TD = Total dust

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. TLV = Threshold Limit Value R = Respirable TWA = Time Weighted Average

Ζ = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection

Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves Body protection

butyl rubber

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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Product name WHITE VINYL PLAS.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : ₩hite.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 82.78°C (181°F)

Material supports : Yes.

combustion.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Evaporation rate : Mot available.

Vapor pressure : Mot available.

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.31

Density (lbs / gal) : 10.93

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)

Volatility : 3% (v/v), 1.932% (w/w)

% Solid. (w/w) : 98.068

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon

dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Manium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
sodium dodecyl sulphate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1288 mg/kg	-
sodium metabisulphite	LD50 Oral	Rat	1131 mg/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.58 g/kg	_
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.26 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ppoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit		-	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin
 Eyes
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

3	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Ppoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

<u>Mutagenicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer		3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
sodium metabisulphite antimony trioxide	-	3 2B	=-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category
antimony trioxide	Category 2

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

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Product name WHITE VINYL PLAS.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has

been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential immediate

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Product name WHITE VINYL PLAS.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Ø ral	21279.8 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	79453.9 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	194.2 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	26.48 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	OECD 301F	5 % - 28 da	ys	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegr	radability
Ppoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-		-		Not read	dily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ppoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	3	31	low
sodium dodecyl sulphate	1.6	-	low
sodium metabisulphite	-3.7	-	low
4-nonylphenol, branched	-	251.19	low
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2.64	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
		(Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	(Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))
Transport hazard class (es)	Combustible liquid.	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT

: Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.

IMDG

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

IATA

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

4-nonylphenol, branched Listed

SARA 302/304

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Product name WHITE VINYL PLAS.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification	
Manium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B	
sodium dodecyl sulphate	≤1.4	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)	
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	
sodium metabisulphite	≤1.4	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	
antimony trioxide	<1.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED	
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
4-nonylphenol, branched	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1	
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2	
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2	
		HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract	
2-ethylhexanoic acid	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4	
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2	

SARA 313

Chemical name

Supplier notification: antimony trioxide 1309-64-4 0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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Concentration

CAS number

Date of issue 27 October 2018 Version 12

Product name WHITE VINYL PLAS.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 * Flammability: 2 Physical hazards: 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue : 10/24/2018

Organization that prepared

the MSDS

EHS

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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